

Analysis of Amino Acids by Automated Pre-column Derivatization with OPA

Introduction

Pre-column derivatization methods for amino acid analysis has widely been used in reversed-phase HPLC, as they offer high selectivity and sensitivity for multiple components. Many derivatization reagents are commercially available and one can choose the most suitable reagent for his/her application. Among them, orthophthalaldehyde (OPA) is one of the most commonly used reagents because it reacts with amino acids very quickly (seconds) at room temperature and derivatized amino acids can be detected by a fluorescence detector with increased sensitivity. In this application, the OPA pre-column derivatization is demonstrated by using the automated pre-column derivatization function of JASCO's autosampler for much better reproducibility than manual sampling.

Keyword : HPLC, OPA pre-column derivatization, amino acid, C18 column, fluorescence detector

Experimental

Equipment

Pump: PU-2080
 Degasser: DG-2080-54
 Gradient Unit: LG-2080-04
 Column oven: CO-2060
 Autosampler: AS-2057
 Detector: FP-2020

Conditions

Column: CrestPak C18S (4.6 mmID x 150 mmL, 5 μm)
 Eluent A: Sodium acetate buffer (Ph 6.0)/Methanol/THF (89/10/1)
 Eluent B: Methanol/THF (90/10)
 Gradient condition: (A/B), 0 min(85/15) → 7 min(80/20) → 19 min(56/44) → 23 min(48/52) → 29 min(48/52) → 30 min(0/100) → 35 min(0/100) → 35.1 ~ 60 min(85/15) 1 cycle; 60 min
 Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min
 Column temp.: 20°C
 Wavelength: Ex. 345 nm, Em. 455 nm, Gain x100
 Injection volume: 10 μL
 Standard sample: 18 amino acids 1 nmol/mL each in 0.01 N hydrochloric acid

Results

The 18 standard amino acids were completely separated within 35 minutes as shown in Fig. 1.

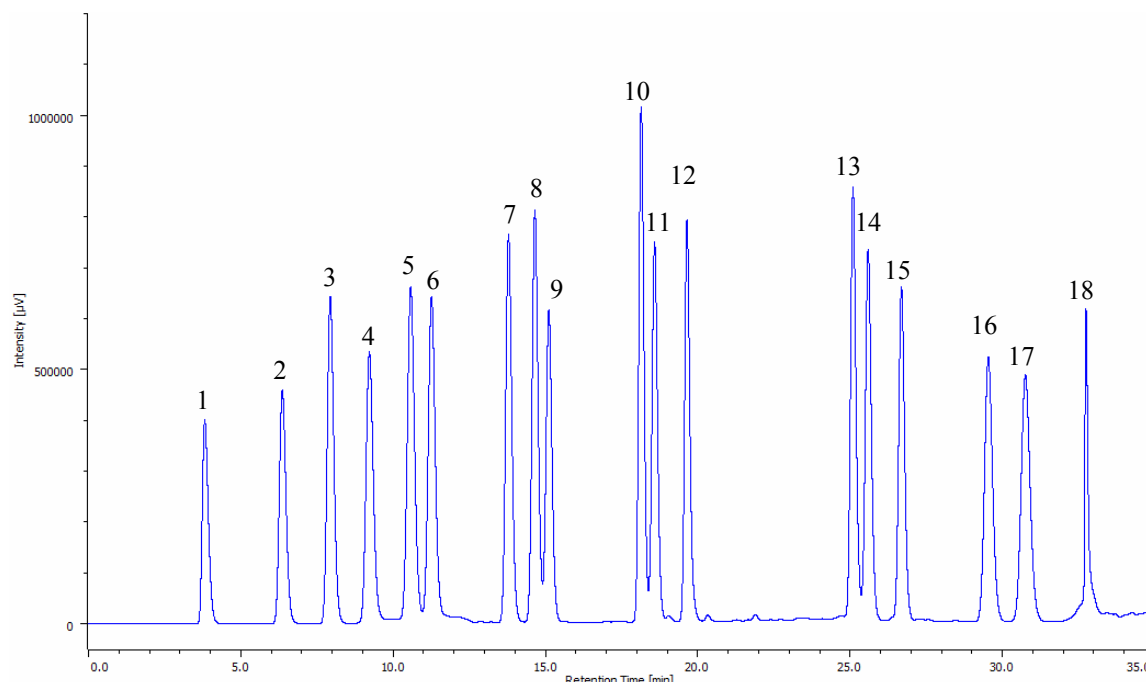


Fig. 1. Chromatogram of standard mixture of amino acids. 1: Aspartic acid, 2: Glutamic acid, 3: Asparagine, 4: Histidine, 5: Serine, 6: Glutamine, 7: Arginine, 8: Glycine, 9: Threonine, 10: Taurine, 11: Alanine, 12: Tyrosine, 13: Methionine, 14: Valine, 15: Phenylalanine, 16: Isoleucine, 17: Leucine, 18: Lysine

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Pre-column Derivatization Function of Autosampler

The operating principle of the pre-column derivatization function of model AS-2057 autosampler is as shown in Fig. 2. By using this function, the pre-column derivatization can be performed automatically.

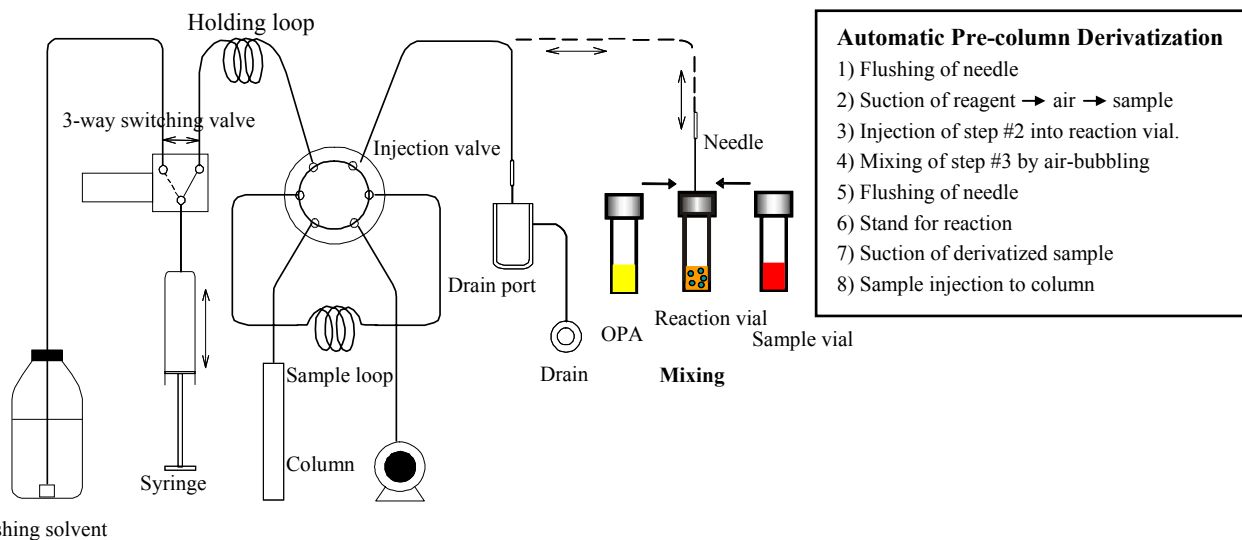


Fig. 2. Pre-column derivatization function of model AS-2057 Autosampler.

Conditions for Pre-column Derivatization

Volume of sample solution:	50 μ L
Volume of reagent solution:	10 μ L
Reaction time:	0.1 min
Reagent solution:	0.4 M borate/1% OPA solution/2-mercaptoethanol(1/0.5/0.01)